

Application to Convert Group Life Insurance

Mail to Dearborn National

Attn: Department 6006 1020 31st Street

Downers Grove, IL. 60515

Underwritten by Dearborn National® Life Insurance Company

Phone Number: (800) 348-4512

Upon becoming ineligible for group insurance, e.g., leaving employment, you may convert your Group Life Insurance coverage to an Individual Whole Life Insurance policy. This can be done regardless of your current health. For information about the amount you may convert or how long you have to convert, see either your certificate or group policy.

To apply:

- 1. Complete Part 2 of this conversion application. Be sure your Employer has completed Part 1. Premium rates and instructions are shown on the reverse side.
- 2. Mail the completed application with your check or money order for the first modal premium to the above address.

Part 1	· TO BE CO	MPLETED B	/ FMPI	OYFR			Group Numb	ber		Reaso	n for Term	ination		
Date Employment Term'd. Date Coverage Terminated				Last Actual Day of Work			Group Insuran		☐ Termination of employment or membership in eligible class					
Name of Employer Providing Group Policy				Annual Salar	Annual Salary			Insurance Class			Termination of Group Policy and Date Term'd.			
Signature of Policyholder's Representative/Title								Date Signed			Disability Other (Specify)			
Part 2	2: TO BE CO	MPLETED B'						ball poin	t per	1				
NAME	IN FULL			SOCIAL	. SECUF	RITY NUMBE	iR	TELEPHO!	NE NUN	/IBER	GRO	UP POLICY NO.		
RESIDI	ENT ADDRESS							,						
STREET				CITY					STATE		ZIP CODE			
SEX	DATE OF BIRTH	AGE LAST BIRT	THDAY	STATE OF BIF	RTH	LAST DA	ATE OF ACTI DAY	VE WORK YR						
AMOUI	NT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM MO						n must be s	ubmit	ted	Automatic	: Premium Loan		
TO BE	CONVERTED	☐ Annual ☐ Semi-Anr		Quarterly EFT Monthly*	ET Monthly*						Provision Desired?			
		2 0011117411		Li i Wonding	Pre	emium Encl	osed \$	·····			☐ Yes	s □ No		
BENE	FICIARY DESIGNA	TION												
	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME		ADDR	ADDRESS			SOCIAL SECURITY NO.			TE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP		
Primar	у										, ,			
Secon	dary									/	' /			
If more	space is needed 1) use extra paper	2) mark	above "See Atta	ached"	3) attachm	ent MUST b	e signed an	d date	d by Po	olicy Owner.			
Is the o	wner to be other tha	an the insured?		☐ Yes ☐ No	0									
	First Name		In	itial	Last	t Name				-	Relationship			
Addres	s of Owner, if other	than Insured:									,			
No. & Street				City			State			e ZIP Code				
The Ov	vner is the person w	ho may exercise	all rights	in the contract,	e.g., a	ssign, surre	nder, borro	w. If no one	is nam	ed, the	Insured sha	all be the Owner.		
	lare that the inf	•												
that tl	he Company ma	ay deposit the	payme	ent submitted	with	this appli	cation pri	or to appr	oval	of this	applicati	on. If I am not		
eligib	le to convert my	Group Insura	ance, th	ne sole obliga	ation c	of the Cor	npany sh	all be to r	efund	l any p	premiums	paid.		
Signed	At				on									
City			State		Mo Day Year			Signature of Applicant						
*EI	FT (Electronic Funds Tran	sfer – Sign on back an	d attach void	ded check)				Sig	gnature c	of Owner (Other than Ins	ured)		



Premium Calculation Worksheet

For Conversion from Group Life to Individual Whole Life Policy

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Premiums are payable to age 98 or death, whichever occurs first. For information about the amount you are eligible to convert, please refer to the Conversion of Life Insurance provision of your group life insurance certificate or the group policy. Our minimum issue amount is \$2,000.

To calculate your premium, find your present age and the corresponding **table rate per \$1,000** from the columns below. Multiply this premium by the number of thousands of dollars of insurance you plan to convert. Then multiply by the premium factor and add the modal policy fee to find your premium payment.

22 7.09 23 7.42 24 7.76 25 8.10 26 8.56 27 8.90 28 9.22 29 9.68 30 10.13 31 10.58 32 11.03 33 11.59 34 12.14 35 12.70 36 13.25 37 13.92 38 14.58 39 15.23 40 15.89 41 16.77 42 17.76 43 18.73 44 19.71 45 20.79 46 21.97 47 23.14 48 24.53 49 25.90 50 27.36 51 28.92 52 30.56	61	() Semi-Annual					
		changes or cancellation of payment. I understand that to change or cancel any future transactions, such notice must be received not less than ten business days prior to the transaction date.					
56	96 880.48 97 940.24 98 1,000.00	Signature of Account Holder (Please attach voided check)					

Example: Conversion of \$10,000 Group Life for a 45-year old to \$10,000 Whole Life Plan payable quarterly:

Example:											
Table Rate	X	# of Thousands To Be Converted	X	Premium Factor	+	Modal Policy Fee	=	Modal Premium			
20.79	79 X 10.000		X	0.265		5.00		\$60.10			
Your Calculations											
Table Rate	X	# of Thousands To Be Converted	X	Premium Factor	+	Modal Policy Fee	=	Modal Premium			





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The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:

FOR APPLICATIONS AND CLAIMS:

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.

<u>District of Columbia:</u> WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

<u>Hawaii:</u> For your protection, Hawaii law requires you be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

<u>Maine & Washington:</u> It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

<u>Maryland</u>: Any person who knowingly or willingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

<u>Ohio:</u> Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowingly that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

<u>Oklahoma:</u> Any person who knowingly, with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes a claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

<u>Pennsylvania:</u> Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico: Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation with the penalty of a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

<u>Tennessee:</u> It is a crime to knowingly provide false incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits

<u>Virginia:</u> It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

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The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:

FOR CLAIMS ONLY:

<u>Alaska:</u> A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona: For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

<u>Arkansas:</u> Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

<u>California</u>: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

<u>Delaware:</u> Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

<u>Idaho:</u> Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement or claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

<u>Indiana:</u> A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

<u>Minnesota:</u> A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

<u>Texas:</u> Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

FOR APPLICATIONS ONLY:

<u>Massachusetts:</u> Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Jersey: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.